

Part II

Who Is Francesco Alberoni?

June 16 (NSIPS) — Francesco Alberoni, the rector and sociologist of Trento (Italy) University's terrorist selection and conditioning center is the brainwashing creator of, in particular, the terrorist killer of Italy's "Red Brigades" organization. As the first part of this exclusive NSIPS exposé demonstrated Alberoni has for nearly two decades played a pivotal role in the interface of a large number of private intelligence institutions which constitute the Italian national branch network of the Rockefeller operation, which is under the command of FIAT magnate, Gianni Agnelli. The concluding section of our exposé deals with Alberoni's more recent exploits, including his role in the creation of the Red Brigades.

The Shift to Trento

A detailed investigation of the Agnelli-Rockefeller coordination of recent deployments through this "private" and also government agencies (e.g., SID intelligence) would discover that, what was to become the principal occupation of Francesco Alberoni at Trento University is but a part of a broader design for police state rule in Italy. That exposure, as the network's scope implies, will rock not only Italy but all Europe.

The purpose of Francesco Alberoni's shift to Trento University was clear from the onset. Despite its transformation into a full "degree-granting" institution, up through 1974 only 50 degrees were granted in toto! The University has been Alberoni's "laboratory" for the application of his sociological mind-plumber technique to a concentrated study population of "youthful radicals" to the end of creating the fascist police countergangs of "left" and "right" which have introduced chaos and confusion into Italian political processes since the 1969 mass strike wave. As is now known, this included the Red Brigade terrorist gang central to Agnelli's current election period chaos-and-confusion operations, including the recent wave of arson and bombings, and the most recent brutal slayings of three Genoa magistrates. Providing Italian Interior Minister Cossiga with a timely pretext to flood that city with anti-terrorist carabinieri police, these incidents are blood on Alberoni's hands.

The Italian press has carried the notable details of the Trento background of the "Red Brigade" terrorist units. Francesco Alberoni in works published and now in the public domain, has outlined the methods by which such sadomasochistic zombi-killer cults can be produced on call for low-intensity operations.

Out of Trento in the first year of Alberoni's rectorship emerged the core group of what was to be the Red Brigades as militant Maoists led by Renata Curcio and Duccio Beria. The subsequent details of Curcio-Beria's career, their deployment into an industrial neighborhood of Milan to build an agent-provocateur sectlet dedicated to provoking violence and including illegalities in worker's day-to-day struggles, and the Trento University Sociology Department's blossoming of this micro-syndicalist commune into the underground units of the Red Brigades with para-military training provided by NATO, the CIA and West German intelligence agencies, are well-known to the Italian press and people.

Francesco Alberoni's 1968 book, "Statu Nascenti: A Study of Collective Processes," was published by Agnelli's Il Mulino as a compendium of his earlier studies and fully

explicates the "small group" brainwashing method by which such programmed fascist insurgencies are created. In brief, one induces a collective psychosis in regard to an aversive environment which in Alberoni's emphasis, is characterized by an "accumulation of ambivalence" associated with the process of social change. The aim is to induce collective infantile regression and paranoia. At the point that the "communitarian" sectlet is functionally semi-psychotic and clinically paranoid as a group, they are welded into an "extended family" by the control-agent and his role in inducing efforts by each member to adjust to the group's adopted ideals. The ideals are manipulated by the control agent and purport to clarify the "ambivalence of social change processes" in a manner inherently corresponding to the paranoid fascist's hatred of "bigness," of "technology," and of any universalizing program. They are dedicated to "confrontation politics" and the "politics of the deed." They are the Red Brigades.

In Alberoni's own words "A disturbance of the social system throws into play the primordial mechanisms of relations to the object. All the members of society discover their own vital dependency and spiritual dependency on this entity at the moment they are losing it. They react according to internal maps of their relationship to the totality of objects, which are the same with which the infant is related to the world and, to start out with, to mother."

Alberoni emphasizes that the small group in appropriate laboratory conditions can be driven towards an infantile paranoid object-fixation of the same sort that "naturally occurs" under the stressful condition of natural disaster and social upheavals.

"It is important to bear in mind that this situation can come about through a double series of causes, external and internal. The disturbance of the social system which generates anxiety can be provoked by objective dysfunctions in which ambivalence grows... not by an external intervention but by the very response of the group to the external intervention.... Thus one understands why, faced with social tension, or disorganization, generalized anxieties... arise and the passage to more general components of action takes place. The reconstitution of the relation between individual and collective is the essential condition for re-establishing a social system. But now, such a relation follows the infantile dynamic of totally objectified relations."

"We have here, above all," Alberoni summarizes, "the appearance of persecution anxieties (paranoid phase), in which destructive forces which are actually animated socially, are alienated into a persecution object, objectified."

The application of these theories in the Trento laboratory was straight forward. Alberoni, together with Trento University founder and economic adviser to Italy's present Premier Aldo Moro Nini Andreatta, encouraged student dissent to take the form of "left Catholic" pacifism. The movement culminated in the spring of 1968 with a massive "Counter-Lent" demonstration, which was led by future Red Brigader Renato Curcio and Mareo Boato, the leader of Lotta Continua — Italy's largest left-anarchist group. Precisely as outlined in Alberoni's writings, this "accumulation of ambivalence" provoked the conservative Catholic population of Trento, a remote northern city, to storm the campus screaming: "Trento is Catholic!" Specially trained anti-terror

units of carabinieri were brought into the nearby South Tyrol station of Laives. Alberoni then identified what he admitted was the "crazed" student movement as the perfect example of the "Marxist-Catholic synthesis" he and his colleagues had sought in their Il Mulino study.

Further Investigation

It is to be noted as essential collateral evidence for the necessity of broadening the Trento-Alberoni investigation that, immediately following the disastrous Friuli earthquakes of early May, 1976 which lead to occupation of that northern Italian region by NATO (known to have geothermal warfare capabilities), it was Francesco Alberoni who issued a statement in the Agnelli-linked press to the effect that the earthquake had had "desirable results" in respect to "depoliticization" of the region's population. This statement by a sociologist emphatically preoccupied with "mass psychosis" and the conditions which foster it, taken together with the well-documented NATO performance of a deliberately chaotic "Friuli relief" operation, properly suggests the scope of the networks and operations involved.

The evidence is more than suggestive. In May 1974, the Agnelli Foundation sponsored under the rubric "Environment '74" a NATO conference in Turin in which "earthquake" and other "disaster relief" and related "civic affairs" interventions by regular army troops was the primary subject. Alberoni's colleague from the Il Mulino DC-PCI profiling project, Franco Farrarrotti, participated in the ten-day conference, held under the immediate auspices of the NATO "Committee for the Challenges of Modern Society," then conducting a "pilot study" of earthquake disasters and the responses of national and regional populations which are likely given their psychological profiles. The co-sponsor of that study, with the U.S. was Italy.

The European Labor Party has publicly identified and will stipulate in its current legal suit several areas which demand parliamentary inquiry well within the resources of the Italian government. These include:

—the role of Il Mulino, the Institute for International Affairs in Rome, Agnelli, et al. in concocting scandals and probes to induce a climate for "military reform" within the Italian armed forces, palpably aimed at the expulsion of all traditionalist officers and their replacement in controlling positions by Rockefeller-faction "Utopian" "tactical nuclear warfare" advocates. The connections of retired General Nini Pasti (now a candidate on the PCI ticket) and the Lombardi wing of the Italian Socialist Party must be probed in this regard.

—the role of the Agnelli Foundation, Il Mulino, and the Milan Catholic University in establishing networks for the control of labor unions and their membership by brainwashing methods properly defined as "Crimes Against Humanity" under the Nuremberg statutes, and palpably intended to induce workforce acceptance of intensified in-plant speed-up and related policies.

—the role of Il Mulino in coordinating both the Amendola and Ingrao subversive developments with the PCI and the Bassetti faction's attempted takeover of the DC, to transform it from a capitalist to a mass fascist institution, with the complicity of such high-level associates of Premier Aldo Moro as economist Nino Andreatta and Trento University founder Bruno Kessler;

—the role of Il Mulino and the Agnelli Foundation in an effort to subvert the Italian constitution and topple the Republic through subversion of the magistracy and through attacks on the institution of the Republic.