

Ugandan, Egyptian, and pygmy "army", even with Brazilian or Argentine reinforcements, would be a poor match for the battle-tested, and politically steered Angolans and Cubans who are armed with the most modern weapons. The only condition in which Brzezinski's desired international brigades could triumph would be with sizeable support from NATO's navies and regular armies. Under those circumstances, the planned Vietnam in Africa would immediately escalate into a thermonuclear showdown between the U.S. and the U.S.S.R. As forcefully expressed by Cuban President

Fidel Castro this week, neither the Cubans nor the Soviets are prepared to watch the rollback of socialism in Africa. Brzezinski and his Administration associates, therefore, are either preparing themselves for a serious strategic setback on the African continent or they are blindly careening down the road to global nuclear war.

Argentina: Toward Brazil or Venezuela?

Zbigniew Brzezinski's central problem in pursuit of SATO is overcoming significant resistance in both the

The Interpol Enforcers

It is no accident that Interpol was the agency that arrested Julio Broner in Caracas last week nor incidental that it is Interpol that is searching the same city for the whereabouts of former Argentine Economics Minister Gelbard. Those functions are merely the "nice" aspects of the Interpol involvement in the campaign throughout South America to clear the decks of all actual or potential opponents of Brezezinski's and Carter's anti-Cuban confrontation strategy.

The importance of Interpol to the Latin American activities of the present U.S. government is its existence since the end of World War II as an integrated arm of the Rockefellers' private intelligence network. The agency was formally established in 1922 and approximately a decade thereafter was taken over in its entirety by the Third Reich. After the defeat of the Nazis, through the activities of Allen Dulles and others, Interpol — maintaining its top-level Nazi staffing — was adopted whole by the Rockefellers. This has been particularly important for the post-war history of Latin America since it was Nelson Rockefeller personally, through his post at the head of the Office of Inter-American Affairs who supervised the wholesale transport of leading Nazis and their terror apparatus to Latin America, particularly Argentina, Chile and Paraguay, in the late 1940s. There, like other Interpol staffers and selected law enforcement officials who comprise Interpol's official membership, the Nazi refugees supervised both official and underground terror activities and ran extensive drug-running operations. In the current effort to bring SATO into being, Interpol surfaces at several key crossroads.

First, the factions inside the Argentine Armed Forces most open to an anti-communist alliance with Brazil are those factions that overlap most extensively with the hardcore Nazi machine inside the country, the transplanted networks of Nazi intelligence officer Otto Skorzeny known as Die Spinne. The choice of Graiver, son of a Polish Jew, as their scandal target is not entirely accidental. Furthermore, it is this same Interpol apparatus inside the country that runs the notorious death

squads, responsible for hundreds of murders in the last year alone, and, more recently, the terror against Videla's factional allies.

Second, the key governmental figures on the continent who have the capability for neutralizing or defeating the Brezezinski SATO strategy have all been the victims of public Interpol death threats. These have come primarily through the second generation of fascist terrorists, the Cuban exile commandos. Orlando Bosch, the most well known of these hit men, told *New Times* magazine last week that he was declaring "open war" on Venezuelan President Carlos Andres Perez because Perez began a crackdown on the Cuban exile terrorists in Caracas after the October, 1976 sabotage of a Cuban plane off Barbados that took 73 lives. Former Mexican President Luis Echeverria, still a very formidable figure in Mexican politics, is the intended victim of a special squad of Cuban exiles, according to information passed last week from the U.S. State Department to the Mexican Ambassador to the U.S. and subsequently leaked to the Mexican press. And both Omar Torrijos and López Portillo narrowly escaped injury and possible death when a bomb exploded at a military checkpoint very close to the site of their summit last week in Cancún, Mexico.

Finally, Interpol is active in the Belize scenario. Guatemalan Vice-President Sandoval Alarcón is an international organizer of terror squads, most directly of his home-grown Mano Blanca which has carried out a campaign of terror and assassination against leftists and peasant organizers inside Guatemala. He maintains direct ties into the Argentine and Cuban exile networks through his active affiliation with the fascist umbrella group, World Anti-Communist League. The Latin American branch of this international confederation held a high-level meeting in Paraguay two months ago. The Chilean government was represented at the meeting by junta member Air Force Commander Gustavo Leigh. Alarcón was unable to personally attend but sent representatives and a special message of greetings. Among the recipients of his salute was a special guest delegation from the CIA-sponsored Angolan FNLA.