

surrectionaries across Central America, while Haig gives backing to the area's *rightwing* military forces. As the two duped sides keep butchering each other—Haig and González concurred—the U.S. Secretary of State would continue to blame the area's problems on alleged Mexican, Cuban, and Soviet support for terrorism.

However, Haig's meeting with González, which was virtually blacked out by all major American media, blows the cover off Haig's professed concern for halting terrorism in the region, and showed him to be in bed with the very Socialists who are the leading spokesmen for using terrorism as a means of political expression. Haig's State Department issued only the mildest of pro-forma "protests" against the French sale of arms to the Sandinistas. Haig in fact met with French Defense Minister Charles Hernu less than 24 hours after the announcement of the sale, and would go no further than to express his "concern."

It was Mexican President José López Portillo who issued the strongest condemnation of the arms sale. In a biting release Jan. 12, López Portillo noted: "Not all nations understand that the solution to conflicts must be peaceful, which is to say that this concept must include the control of arms sales to *all* countries, not just to some."

The López Portillo rebuke—to Haig, the French, and the Sandinistas—was particularly significant because Mexico and France had collaborated in an August 1981 initiative to bring the Salvadoran conflict to a negotiated solution. At the time, the Haig State Department had attacked the Mexican move as an alleged endorsement of the Salvadoran guerrilla movement.

As *EIR* has documented, Haig's collaboration with the Socialist International to depopulate Central America dates back to early 1981. In March 1981, for instance, Haig met quietly with Socialist International Foreign Secretary Pierre Schori; a month later he closeted himself with Canadian socialist leader Edward Broadbent.

The Haig-González destabilization pact is being clothed for the credulous as an effort to "cool out" the region. But the events of the last week belie that claim, as does the fact that the behind-the-scenes mover of the entire deal was none other than French terrorism advocate Régis Debray, formerly a companion of Che Guevara in the hills of Bolivia, and today an official foreign policy adviser to the Mitterrand government.

Debray is a primary instrument in the Socialist International's commitment to global depopulation. In a recent book, Debray argued that man must "rid ourselves of the notion of good and evil. . . . Hitler, Stalin, Khomeini exist and we cannot dismiss them as exotic monsters. . . . The notion of progress is illusory . . . Funerals are always the warm points of political life . . . All societies start as a society of the friends of the deceased."

## Trudeau has no success in Mexico

by Dolia E. Pettingell

Canadian Prime Minister Pierre Trudeau's Jan. 12-16 visit to Mexico concluded with Trudeau leaving Mexico empty-handed. Trudeau shares the socialist policy outlook, sits on the anti-technology Brandt Commission, and has been deployed over the past years by the Queen of England to try to win independent nations like Mexico into her "Third Way" socialist alliance.

During his trip to Mexico, Trudeau took advantage of Mexico's real economic problems—a result of the U.S. Federal Reserve's high interest-rate policy and the collapse of international oil prices—and offered Mexico \$5 billion for financing the construction of Canadian-made Candu nuclear reactors in Mexico. Mexico has not yet decided on a partner for her ambitious nuclear energy program, for which seven companies from five nations are now bidding.

López Portillo's rejection of Trudeau's politically conditioned financial offer was made public Jan. 12 in an interview he gave to Radio Canada. Ruling out any "special relation" with Canada, the Mexican President stated that Canada stands the same chances of winning Mexico's nuclear bid as any other country. "If results are what I expect, the bids will be in late this year and Canada should get a fair share," López Portillo stated simply.

As for Trudeau's crass attempt to manipulate Mexico's financial vulnerability, López Portillo said: "Mexico has not sacrificed nor will it lose its negotiating capacity in the international community due to the drop in its oil exports."

One of Trudeau's liabilities with López Portillo is that the Canadian Prime Minister's allies in Mexico are centered around former Mexican President Miguel Alemán. Alemán is linked to the Acapulco-centered drug interests, and controls, among others, Mexico City Mayor Carlos Hank González, a sworn enemy of López Portillo.

In Mexico, Trudeau went out of his way to advertise his close ties to Hank González. After receiving the key to Mexico City from Hank González, Trudeau turned to López Portillo and taunted the lame-duck Mexican President: "Sometime you will come back to this great city, and if you find that you don't have a key, I will let you use mine."