

International Intelligence

Sovereignty issue central to Spain-U.S. treaty

After weeks of delay, the governments of Spain and the United States renewed a bilateral friendship treaty, which under Spanish pressure, was rewritten to strongly guarantee Spanish sovereignty as a principle governing relations between the two countries.

Originally, the treaty had been scheduled for renewal during a May trip to Europe by U.S. Secretary of State Alexander Haig. The Haig visit coincided with the British war against Argentina in the South Atlantic, during which Spain, unlike the United States, took an anti-colonialist stand. With very little public explanation at that time, the Spanish government canceled Haig's stopover in Madrid, and took the unprecedented course of allowing the treaty to expire.

A press release from Madrid now indicates that there were disagreements between the Spanish government and Haig-dominated Washington over the terms of the treaty, which governs the status of 10,000 U.S. troops stationed on Spanish bases. The new treaty specifies unequivocal Spanish sovereignty over those American-utilized bases. According to the release, "Spain holds veto power over U.S. base use in conflicts involving countries with whom Spain maintains friendly relations." In addition, the treaty calls for the United States to provide \$400 million a year in loans, below market interest-rate levels, for Spanish purchase of U.S. military equipment.

Henry 'kiss of death' travels to Spain

When *EIR* inquired in Spain as to what Henry Kissinger had been doing during his recent trip to that country, a well-informed Spanish editor replied: "Every time Kissinger comes to this country something bad happens. He is a bird of evil. In fact, I would describe Kissinger as the kiss of death. Ten years ago he

came here and kissed one of our top generals. The next day, the general was in the hospital with phlebitis.

"The next year Kissinger came back and kissed [Spanish prime minister] Carrero Blanco. The next day, Carrero Blanco was assassinated.

"I don't know what Kissinger is doing here now, but I am sure of one thing. It is bad for us."

So far, *EIR* has learned, Kissinger has met with Juan Carlos, Spain's king; Manuel Fraga Iribarne, who is the leader of the neo-Francoist Alianza Popular; Felipe González, head of the Spanish Socialist Party; Spanish prime minister Calvo Sotelo; Adolfo Suarez, the former prime minister of Spain; López Rodo, a former planning minister under Generalissimo Franco and member of Opus Dei; and Garrigues Walker, a member of the Trilateral Commission.

From the crystal ball of Claire Sterling

Claire Sterling, a British intelligence "specialist" on terrorism and the author of the best-selling coverup, *The Terror Network*, has predicted an unprecedented outbreak of international terrorism and anti-Semitism as the likely aftermath of Israel's invasion of Lebanon.

In an article which appeared July 5 in the *Washington Post*, "After Lebanon: A Wave of Anti-Semitism and Terrorism," Sterling describes the "curious brotherhood" which exists between left and right terrorist groups, which, "under the stress of Lebanese events," will foment anti-Semitism throughout the globe.

Sterling predicts a humiliated PLO will become more radical and Yasser Arafat might be killed by his own followers. Sterling quotes Walid Jumblatt, Lebanon's Druze leader, as saying that one sole course remains: "To mount a terrorist assault on every country in the West," starting with the United States. Such a terror outbreak will have "a savagery unequaled so far."

The new center of terrorism, Sterling says, will be Aden, the capital of South

Yemen. According to intelligence sources, George Habash, leader of the terrorist Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine, is expected to relocate his base of operations to Aden.

Chile takes a leaf from Aspen Institute

The country currently leading up opposition to the adoption of Lyndon LaRouche's proposals for the establishment of a Common Market and debt rescheduling in Ibero-America is the Schachtian dictatorship of Gen. Augusto Pinochet in Chile.

Chile is now circulating a proposal to "reorient" the Inter-American System that is taken straight from the pages of the Aspen Institute's just-released report on "Governance in the Western Hemisphere." Chile's Foreign Minister Rojas proposed that a new treaty should be signed, which would establish an "obligatory system for the peaceful solution of conflicts" which arise between countries of the region—exactly the formulation of the Aspen Report.

James Theberge, a Kissinger associate who holds the post of U.S. Ambassador to Chile, stated during a public ceremony July 2 that the Chilean proposal would be an excellent way to repair the damage to the Inter-American system.

Peccei named in ongoing P-2 revelations

As a result of continuing investigation on two continents into the murder of fugitive Banco Ambrosiano head Roberto Calvi in London in June, the name of the man who is probably the world's best known genocidalist, Aurelio Peccei, chairman of the Club of Rome, has come up in connection with the Propaganda-2 (P-2) Freemasonic Lodge scandal which brought down the government of Italy a year ago and in which Calvi was a central figure.

Briefly

The P-2 lodge was shown to be at the center of a subversive network which ran the banking end of both narcotics and terrorist operations. Calvi is thought to have been murdered because he was about to spill the beans on the relationship of P-2 to the Grand Mother Lodge in London.

The Italian secret services have delivered a dossier to the Propaganda-2 parliamentary inquiry committee identifying a secret Freemasonic lodge in Montecarlo, known as the "Montecarlo Committee." This lodge, which includes P-2 head Licio Gelli and several other P-2 leaders as members, also has on its roster Aurelio Peccei. It is the first time Peccei has been directly implicated in the P-2 scandal.

EIR calls Maggie to account for Calvi death

EIR's Rome bureau chief, Leonardo Servadio, confronted British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher July 7 at a press conference with the evidence concerning British Freemasonry's involvement—going right up to the Royal family—in the recent assassination of Italian banker Roberto Calvi.

Servadio intervened at the joint press conference held by Thatcher and Prime Minister Spadolini which capped the British leader's visit. It is thought that Thatcher intended to pressure Italian authorities into stopping their investigations into the role of the Grand Lodge of London and the City in recycling dirty money coming from criminal activities centered in Italy.

Opening the press conference, Spadolini invited EIR's Servadio to pose the first question; he immediately succeeded in changing the grin on Thatcher's face into a grimace of outrage. "Over the past days, the Italian press has indicated that there are connections between the violent death of Calvi in London and an international financial center based in the City of London, a center used for laundering dirty mafia money. This center is also connected to the Grand Mother Lodge

of England headed by the Duke of Kent, the Queen's cousin. It is also known that Italian police are investigating this issue given the direct connection with Italian organized crime. . . ."

As Thatcher's face began to change colors, British journalists began screaming. Servadio inquired "is this the issue which Spadolini is going to discuss with Thatcher?"

Thatcher consulted her diplomatic adviser, presumably to find out whether the EIR question had been a well designed trap set up by Spadolini. After preventing the interpreter from translating the question into Italian, the Iron Lady shrieked, "My answer is: absolutely no!"

The European Labor Party's Fiorella Operto has formally requested that the magistrate in charge of the Calvi dossier investigate the role of the Grand Mother Lodge of London.

Develop the Third World, says Greek conservative

Greek opposition leader Evangelos Averof has issued a call for Third World development as the only way to stop global economic collapse. At an early July meeting of the European Democratic Union in Paris, attended by representatives of Europe's conservative parties, such as the Christian Democratic Union from Germany and the Gaullist RPR from France. Averof, leader of Greece's New Democracy Party, stated that the greatest menace facing the world is economic decline. "Many economists say that the current protracted recession is a result of the fact that the post-World War II program of reconstruction has come to an end. That program of reconstruction was promoted by the Alliance and was responsible for the growth of prosperity in the ensuing years. I propose that we undertake a worldwide program for the industrialization of the underdeveloped sector. Such a program would act as a motor for the economy of the entire world."

● 'SOVIET Active Measures' is the title of a State Department report issued July 8, which accuses the U.S.S.R. of, among other things, producing forged U.S. government documents. Evidence presented to reporters included the fact that a statement allegedly by Alexander Haig was a grammatical absurdity. Some of the assembled press found this far from conclusive.

● JACQUES CHEMINADE, the Secretary-General of the Parti Ouvrière Européen (POE), announced at a congress of his party on July 3 that he intends to run for Mayor of Paris. Cheminade, whose POE organizes for Lyndon LaRouche's policies in France, blasted the plan of the ruling French Socialists to chop Paris into 20 independent municipalities. The Socialist Party plan, he pointed out, had been written by Howard Perlmutter of the Wharton School in Pennsylvania.

● HELGA ZEPP-LAROCHE had a short discussion with Pope John Paul II during his regular Wednesday public audience on June 30. Mrs. Zepp-LaRouche, who chairs the European Labor Party, had been in Rome meeting with Church and political figures, as part of her effort to establish a "Club of Life" to defeat the Global 2000 depopulation drive.

● 'PROMETHEUS BOUND', written almost 2,500 years ago by the great Greek poet and soldier Aeschylus, was performed at the beginning of July by the theater ensemble of the Humanist Academy in Wiesbaden, West Germany—the first performance of the play in that country in more than 20 years. The drama was introduced to the audience by George Gregory, who is EIR's Bonn correspondent.