## Is the ADL concealing Collor's 'international connection'?

by Silvia Palacios and Lorenzo Carrasco

The publication of an *EIR Special Report* revealing a possible coverup of the international networks behind the "P.C." Farias affair—the centerpiece of the corruption scandal which has just overturned the Fernando Collor de Mello presidency in Brazil—and which circulated widely in the Brazilian Congress on the day of the impeachment vote, has provoked the fury of agents of the Anti-Defamation League (ADL) of B'nai B'rith in Brazil.

The EIR report was the focus of lengthy coverage in the Sept. 29 edition of the daily Momento Político, the widely circulated newspaper of the country's political elites. Under the headline "Kroll, Which Worked for the CPI, Covered Up Collor Connections" (the CPI is the congressional Commission of Inquiry which investigated the Collor scandals), the newspaper illustrates its report with a photograph of President Collor alongside photographs of Edgar Bronfman, Robert Vesco, and Kenneth Bialkin—all closely tied to the ADL. Momento Político observes that the Collor presidency not only sprang from provincial connections to the mafia in Collor's native state of Alagoas, but that also to be investigated are the international influences that could explain why decisions of the Collor government were so dramatically at odds with Brazilian national interests.

The EIR report speaks of "the near certain coverup operation by the U.S. investigating agency Kroll Associates, which was so precipitously hired by the Brazilian Congress to investigate precisely these ramifications." The report reveals Kroll's links with the ADL and CIA, and questions why it did not investigate "the only private individual with whom Fernando Collor de Mello met during his January 1991 visit to New York, Edgar Bronfman, president of the World Jewish Council and leading financier of the ADL, to which Kroll Associates is linked."

The ADL's response to EIR's report came via the Oct. 2 edition of the newspaper Folha de São Paulo, with an absurd attempt to link EIR and its founder Lyndon LaRouche to gangs of street criminals which have recently appeared in São Paulo, Rio Grande do Sul, and other states, in imitation of the neo-Nazis and skinheads of Germany. According to the article's author Daniel Castro, who spoke with EIR's correspondents in Brazil, the intellectual authors of the Folha de São Paulo article were Congressman Fabio Feldmann and

the ADL itself, whose leading representative in Brazil, Rabbi Henry Sobel, is an American based in São Paulo.

The article presents as proof of *EIR*'s supposed anti-Semitism two articles by correspondent Lorenzo Carrasco, reproduced in facsimile in the newspaper. The articles 1) expose the connections of Congressman Feldmann to international financial interests which sponsor environmentalist causes, and 2) the relations of José Goldemberg, former minister of science and technology and *éminence grise* of the Collor government, with the "technological apartheid" warriors of the new world order and their plans to dismantle the Armed Forces.

While the *EIR* report only raises the suspicion of a coverup of the international connections of the "P.C."-Collor alliance, it mentions nothing of Fabio Feldmann nor of José Goldemberg. The *Folha de São Paulo* coverage thus unintentionally places a rather unwelcome spotlight on the two, especially because their ideas were so very much in fashion during Collor's regime.

Folha de São Paulo's attacks on LaRouche and EIR can be added to the monotonous repetition of slanders originating from the ADL and written by scribbler Algemiro Ferreira in the pages of the mercenary rag Tribuna de Imprensa. The originality of "former" communist Algemiro Ferreira is such that his columns against Lyndon LaRouche are exact replicas of those which appeared on July 18, 1989, and were reproduced repeatedly—on March 21, 22, 23, Aug. 15, 18, 27, and Sept. 25 of this year—without changing so much as a comma.

Perhaps it is no accident that Algemiro Ferreira maintains close ties with the family of businessman Israel Klabin, who is himself linked to the international networks of the ADL. The Klabin family, at least since the 1950s, has been closely associated with the Zionist networks around Chaim Weizmann and William "Intrepid" Stephenson, then head of the Special Operations Executive of British intelligence which, in close collaboration with the U.S. FBI's Division Five, controlled the deployments of the communist, Trotskyist, and Maoist organizations in the United States into Ibero-America.

It is to these networks that journalist Algemiro Ferreira belongs. It should come as no surprise that while Ferreira

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does not hide the fact that he has been a member of the Brazilian Communist Party's central committee, he also fully defends the interests of Israel Klabin, while spreading ADL slanders against LaRouche and his collaborators.

## Documentation

## 'Stop spreading slanders against LaRouche'

The following is a letter of response to Folha de São Paulo by EIR's correspondents in Brazil.

In its Oct. 2, 1992 edition, your prestigious journal gives space to a vulgar attempt to draw a connection between Brazilian neo-Nazi groups and the U.S. magazine *Executive Intelligence Review*, of which we are the representatives in this country.

In the name of the truth and of journalistic ethics, values which Folha de São Paulo is said to defend, we request the publication of this letter for the purpose of clarifying the fact that EIR magazine, founded by Mr. Lyndon LaRouche, does not have and has never had connections with any neo-Nazi or like group, either in Brazil or in any other country.

Regarding the label "neo-Nazi" as applied to Mr. LaRouche, please note that it is but one of various slanders that are frequently spread by his detractors. As an example of these, we remind you of another slander, similarly given voice in the March 18, 1986 issue of Folha de São Paulo, linking members of Mr. LaRouche's organization in Europe to the assassination of Swedish Prime Minister Olof Palme. Recently, former members of the Stasi, the intelligence agency of the now defunct East Germany, revealed to the Swedish press that the accusations against LaRouche's group were part of a successful counterintelligence operation carried out in coordination with western agencies such as the Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith (ADL). Despite the fact that this information was sent to the international editorial office of your newspaper last Sept. 4, requesting the appropriate rectification of your previous report, it has lamentably not been published as of this date.

Regarding the ADL and its leading sponsor Edgar Bronfman, we offer to make available to Folha de São Paulo, in the event of your interest, information from the public domain which shows his ties to high levels of international organized crime, as well as to the U.S. intelligence community.

## Argentines found new nationalist movement

by Cynthia R. Rush

The Anglo-American bankers aren't too happy these days. Adding to all of their other problems, on Oct. 3 over 2,000 patriots from military and civilian groupings gathered in Buenos Aires, Argentina to found a nationalist movement committed to doing away with the International Monetary Fund's usurious policies and defending the "inviolable universal rights" of the individual.

The Movement for National Identity and Ibero-American Integration (MINeII) is inspired by nationalist Army Col. Mohamed Alí Seineldín, a hero of the 1982 Malvinas War, and Capt. Gustavo Breide Obeid, both currently jailed because of their opposition to the policies of the Carlos Menem government. The two men addressed the gathering through messages taped at the Magdalena Prison. The meeting acclaimed Seineldín as its "sole commander" and Breide as its secretary general.

Such a movement, whose goals are similar to those of the Ibero-American Solidarity Movement (MSI) founded in May of this year in Tlaxcala, Mexico, is urgently needed. Argentina is in an unprecedented economic and moral crisis, as a result of years of IMF austerity and free trade policies. As seen in recent developments in Brazil, Ibero-America is in a volatile situation. People around the continent are rejecting politicians and governments identified with the old corrupt structures and monetarist policies, and are seeking moral leadership which can defend their interests and those of their nations.

The MINeII proposes to do just that. In his speech to the conference, Captain Breide explained that the MINeII "is not a political party, but a national movement, inspired by the Social Doctrine of the Church and the sense of life of the Argentine people from within the country's deepest traditions." The purpose of the MINeII is to carry out "national revolution . . . not to be associated with the use of force or violence . . . but to produce necessary structural change, to find solutions to the grave moral, social, political, and economic crisis of our republic."

The movement's founding principles state that "the economy will be subordinate to the well-being of the *individual* and of the *community* and not the inverse. . . . We therefore condemn *usury* and the *manipulations* of high international finance which enslaves people, because we seek a society of free men." Breide emphasized what the founding principles also state: that "economics, which is inseparable from social questions, has a clear objective: that man lives, and lives

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