

Terrorist incidents since the Clinton inauguration

The following are 30 of only the most dramatic terrorist incidents to take place since the inauguration of President Clinton on Jan. 20, 1995.

Jan. 25, 1993, U.S.A.: Two officials shot to death outside CIA headquarters in Langley, Virginia, allegedly by a Pakistani involved in Afghanistan.

Feb. 26, 1993, U.S.A.: Six killed in truck-bombing at World Trade Center in New York City; several former Afghan mujahideen are later convicted for the incident.

March 12, 1993, India: Two hundred killed in several simultaneous bombings in Bombay, reportedly by Hezbollah.

Feb. 25, 1994, Israeli occupied territories: Jewish Defense League member Baruch Goldstein kills 50 worshippers at the Tomb of the Patriarchs mosque in Hebron.

July 18, 1994, Argentina: Buenos Aires headquarters of the Argentine-Israeli Mutual Association is destroyed by a car-bomb, killing over 100.

Sept. 12, 1994, U.S.A.: Stolen Cessna plane crashes on White House lawn, killing pilot, Frank Corder.

Sept. 21, 1994, Algeria: First Armed Islamic Group assassination of foreigners—two Frenchmen—in Algiers.

Oct. 29, 1994, U.S.A.: Francisco Duran sprays White House with semi-automatic assault weapon fire.

Dec. 12, 1994, U.S.A.: High-powered rifle fired at White House windows.

Jan. 30, 1995, Algeria: GIA car-bombing outside Algiers police station kills 42.

March 8, 1995, Pakistan: Two employees of U.S. consulate in Karachi are murdered.

April 19, 1995, U.S.A.: Truck-bombing of U.S. Federal Building in Oklahoma City kills 168.

July 19, 1995, France: Abdelbaki Sahraoui, a founder of the Algerian Islamic Salvation Front, is assassinated by GIA in Paris.

July 25, 1995, France: GIA bombing at St. Michel Metro station in Paris.

Aug. 17, 1995, France: GIA bombing at Metro station Place de l'Etoile, Paris.

Aug. 26, 1995, France: Media Natura, a spinoff of Prince Philip's World Wildlife Fund, issues video death threat to President Jacques Chirac.

Aug. 26, 1995, France: Failed GIA bombing of Paris-Lyons high-speed TGV train.

Sept. 3-4, 1995, France: Bomb attempt against Richard Lenoir Marketplace, in Paris, followed by bomb attempt at a market in 15th Arrondissement.

Nov. 2, 1995, Colombia: Alvaro Gómez Hurtado, a prominent Conservative Party leader of the fight against narco-terrorism, slain by four gunmen in Bogotá.

Nov. 4, 1995, Israel: Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin assassinated in Tel Aviv.

Nov. 13, 1995, Saudi Arabia: Five U.S. soldiers, and two others, killed by a car bomb at a U.S. military training center in Riyadh. Three of the four Saudi nationals later executed for the bombing were Afghan mujaheddin.

Nov. 19, 1995, Pakistan: Car bombing of Egyptian embassy in Islamabad completely destroys building.

Feb. 9, 1996, United Kingdom: London bombing attributed to the IRA.

Feb. 25, 1996, Israel: Suicide bombing on Jerusalem bus kills 25.

March 3, 1996, Israel: Suicide bomb, claimed by Hamas, kills 20 passengers on Jerusalem bus.

March 4, 1996, Israel: Suicide bombing in Tel Aviv shopping market kills 13.

June 25, 1996, Saudi Arabia: Truck bomb at Dhahran military barracks kills 19 U.S. soldiers.

July 14, 1996, United Kingdom: Car-bombing at Enniskillen hotel attributed to IRA triggers week of rioting in Northern Ireland.

July 17, 1996, U.S.A.: TWA 800 flight explodes over Long Island, New York, killing 230.

July 27, 1996, U.S.A.: Pipe bomb at Olympics in Atlanta, Georgia kills two.

Israel blasted the Brits

A week after the March 1996 anti-terror summit in Sharm el-Sheikh, Egypt, the Israeli government provided the British government with a detailed dossier on London-headquartered "Islamic" terrorists, behind a rash of deadly car bombings in Israel. It was not the first time that Israel had protested to London about British complicity in Middle East terror. Even the British press admitted that the Israelis had caught the British government dead to rights. On March 17, 1996, the Hollinger Corp.'s *Sunday Telegraph's* Con Coughlin wrote: "Israeli officials have complained several times that activists have used Britain to raise funds and orchestrate terrorist outrages. U.K. officials have so far declined to take action, arguing that Israel has not provided enough evidence. The Israelis intend to remedy that deficiency. . . . The Israelis will be providing details of charities and institutions, based in London and the North, that they accuse of financing terrorism."

An article the same day in the *Sunday Times* of London, by David Leppard and Tim Kelsey, detailed a half-dozen cases of known terrorists who reside in London and receive financial backing from the British government.—*Jeffrey Steinberg*