

interesting horizons of precious and positive work which the armed forces can do in the time of peace."

Negri continued: "The laws, men, and the means exist; all that is needed is to bring it to fruition. One would do this by determining the kind of armed forces desired and the corresponding financial sacrifices needed and by studying how to occupy this technical and human potential...for great enterprises of peace."

ROCKEFELLER'S TACIT SUPPORT WORSENS EFFECTS OF THE FRENCH FUEL RETAILERS' STRIKE

Nov. 7 (IPS)--The strike of French fuel retailers which began Nov. 4 is proceeding according to plan, with the added complicity of Rockefeller's oil companies. Fifteen thousand out of 18,000 retailers are presently obeying orders of the three federations which represent them, with the immediate consequence that practically all deliveries of fuel to homes and small industries are now suspended.

In the Marseilles area, where France's largest refineries are located, the movement has taken on an especially militant form. Most service station owners have joined the strike. Oil trucks have set up road blocks on the periphery of many refineries. At other plants this has not been necessary, as at the Shell plant in Berre, where "officials accepted the interruptions of all incoming and outgoing traffic."

The strike serves Rockefeller's purpose nicely, as it provides a transition to the full-fledged oil hoax which the imminent Arab-Israeli armed conflict is going to detonate in the Middle East. Rockefeller's cover is retailers' legitimate anger. The government's introduction of nationwide rationing of heating oil a few weeks back has cut retailers' sales by 20 per cent.

SCHLESINGER AND LEBER PLAN "TACTICAL NUCLEAR EXCHANGE" AGAINST SOVIETS

WIESBADEN, BRD, Nov. 7 (IPS)--U.S. Secretary of Defense James Schlesinger and West German Defense Minister George Leber agreed this week in their talks in Bonn that "tactical nuclear exchange" will be the NATO policy by which they will attempt to break the USSR. This psychological warfare policy involves the Soviets' agreeing--in a "conceptual breakthrough"--to hit only limited tactical targets after a similar limited NATO nuclear attack.

Until now, the Soviets correctly have recognized the psychological and political suicide of bargaining on the West's terms over the value of various targets. Instead, the USSR has followed

the policy of massive retaliation, a policy that leaves the Rockefeller-controlled NATO very little room for manipulation.

Realizing that the possibility of an Israeli nuclear strike in the upcoming Middle East war will change the Soviets' situation, Schlesinger and Leber agreed on new war preparations in their meeting this week. First, two new U.S. brigades will be set up in northern West Germany in early 1975 and three new West German army brigades will also be established to keep the European working class under control. Then, a new type of nuclear bomber will be deployed, the submarine fleet will be modernized, multiple targeted war heads will be installed in the present NATO missile arsenal, and NATO's 7,000 tactical nuclear weapons will be increased. Once this "conceptual breakthrough" is achieved, through NATO Rockefeller can offer the Soviets a variety of trade-offs, on his terms.

The CIA press has done its part in these suicidal preparations by praising the "intellectual" Schlesinger and his humane and sensible policy of containing nuclear destruction.

WEST GERMAN PRESIDENT CALLS FOR END OF ADVANCED SECTOR

Nov. 7 (IPS)--West German President Walter Scheel, until last month chairman of the pro-Rockefeller "liberal" Free Democratic Party (FDP), issued a call for deindustrialization of Western Europe and North America in a speech in Dusseldorf Oct. 29. Scheel is the former Foreign Minister under Willy Brandt.

President Scheel stated with amazing candor Rockefeller's planned dismantling of advanced sector industry: "Industrialized nations must allow a shift of economic and political power to nations of the Third World. All the West can do is accede to this process gracefully."

Not content merely with making the point once, Scheel returns to it again and again: "We are obligated to work for this process of the transfer of economic and political power. Transfer of prosperity means a transfer of economic, and that means also political power."

After laying out the above scenario for West Germany's colonization by the Shah of Iran, Scheel concludes by rubbing salt in the wounds of the Shah's German subjects. Referring to the transfer of power from Germany, Scheel declared: "It would be totally inappropriate to complain about that."